## 19.04.04.08 Guidelines for the Certificate Course in Japanese

#### PART I - GENERAL

- This Guideline may be cited as a guideline for the certificate course in Japanese No. of 2021, and shall come in to force on 01 September 2021.
- 2. A student may be awarded the Certificate in Japanese of the Institute of Human Resource Advancement of the University of Colombo if s/he
  - has been admitted to the Institute of Human Resource Advancement, University of Colombo (hereinafter referred to as the "Institute") as a student under the Institute of Human Resource Advancement Ordinance;
  - has been a duly registered student of the Institute for the period prescribed for the course of study leading to the Certificate Course and her/his registration continues to be in force;
  - has been selected to follow a course of study leading to the Certificate Course on being admitted as permitted by the Admission Criteria described in the guidelines;
  - d) has passed all the examinations leading to the Certificate Course
  - has paid such fees as may have been prescribed by the Institute and any other dues payable by her/him to the Institute and
  - f) has fulfilled all other conditions and requirements as may have been prescribed by these Guidelines and the Regulations and the Rules of the Institute and the University.
- 3. There may be a Coordinator appointed by the Director on the recommendation by the Board of Study on Languages Teaching and the Board of Management of the Institute.
- 4. Applications to be considered for registration for the Course shall be invited by notice in the national newspapers/official website of the institute.
- 5. The minimum period of registration for the Certificate Course shall be one year. The period of registration shall be counted from the date of commencement of the Course.
- 6. Eligibility to apply for admission as a student to the Certificate Course in Japanese of the institute rests on the following conditions
  - 6.1 Certificate course in Basic Japanese Language (CBJL)
  - i ) to pass GCE O/L examination
  - 6.2 Certificate course in Intermediate Japanese Language (CIJL)
  - i) to pass the CBJL Program

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to hold JLPT N5 (must be have a valid certificate at the time of application)

or

to pass the Placement Test conducted by the Institute

and

- ii) to pass GCE O/L examination
- 6.3 Certificate Course in Advanced Japanese Language (CAJL)
  - i) to pass the CIJL Program

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to hold JLPT N4 (must be have a valid certificate at the time of application)

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to pass the Placement Test conducted by the Institute

and

- ii) to pass the G.C.E. O/L examination
- The syllabus for the Basic level, Intermediate Level and Advanced Level courses is specified as in Schedule 1

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 No candidate shall be considered to have passed the Certificate Course in Japanese examination unless s/he has passed the examination as prescribed by these Guidelines and any other Regulations and Rules made by the Institute

### **PART II - EXAMINATION**

- The Scheme of Examination consists of two (02) components; Course-End examination and Oral test.
  - There shall be a Course-end Examination which comprises Written Paper I, Written Paper II and an Oral Test
  - The candidate shall have to appear for both the Written Papers and the Oral Test in the Course-end Examination in order to complete the program successfully.
  - 80% attendance is required to sit the Final Examination. However, the attendance regulations may be subject to change depending the situation in the country under the direction of the Director on the recommendation by the Board of Study on Languages.
  - iv The Overall mark obtained by any student is allocated as given in Schedule 2.
- 10. A candidate's performance shall be graded according to the following criteria:

A (A distinction Pass) - 75% to 100

B (A Merit Pass) - 60% to 74%

C (A Credit Pass) - 50% to 59%

D (A Pass) - 40% to 49%

E (Fail) - 39% or less

- 11. Criteria for evaluation is given in Schedule 2
- Conditions for completion of the examination
  - i. A candidate who has not completed the examination successfully at the first sitting shall be allowed to repeat the whole Final Examination on two subsequent attempts within the next two academic semesters
  - ii. Any student who does not complete the Certificate Course in Japanese successfully within three academic semesters from the date on which s/he first registered as a student shall cease to be a student of the Certificate Course in Japanese of the Institute unless decided otherwise by a recommendation of the Board of Study on Languages Teaching and the Board of Management of the Institute.

Schedule 1: Syllabus

Basic Level

Reading

Katakana
Syllables
Consonants
Long vowels
Comprehension
Situational conversations

Hiragana Double consonants Vocabulary building 150 Kanji (Chinese Characters)

### Grammar

Ko, So, A, Do words
Particles
Verbs/Adjectives/Adverbs
Forms (DF, ~ます, ~ない、
~た, plain F、Volitional, ~たい)
questions
Prepositions
Imperatives
ちゃいけない・じゃいけない、た

Directions

Native Japanese counting system Chinese counting system

**Pronouns** 

です/ますstyle

Articles

Tenses (Present, past, Pr.Cont.) ないといけない、なくてもい い、なくちゃ、なくてはいけな い、なくてはならない、なる、 んです、ね、に、にいく、にす る、に/へ、の、のです、のが、 のなかでAがいちばん、ので、お /ご、を、をください、しかし、 それから、そして、すぎる、た ことがある、~たい、たり~た り、てある、ている、てから、 てください、てはいけない、て もいいです、と、とき、とて も、つもり、は、は~よ り...です、はどうですか、 や、よ、より~ほうが

### Writing

Syllables
Consonants
Double consonants
Long vowels
Spelling
Dictation
Writing simple sentences

Self-introduction Describing a person

Describing a place

Describing leisure

sure activities

Writing a short paragraph Guided composition

Speaking

afe

Pronunciation rules

Greetings

Self-introduction

Describing things, locations

express existence of non-living things(あり

ます) and living things (います)

Tell the dates and days of the week

Tell the time directions

Expressing likes & dislikes

Expressing going somewhere to do

some thing

Expression of comparisons

Engage in simple day today

conversations Making a request

Making a short speech

Talk about past activities and past

experience

## Listening

Vowels and consonants

Syllables

Consonant and double consonant

Greetings

Introduce oneself
Introduce the family

Introduce the Japanese houses with key

words

Explanation with the daily schedule

Integrative expressions

Daily life

Ask and response about dates and days

of the week

Describe a location and places

Order foods & drinks Make plans and promises Express likes & dislikes

Past activities and past experiences

Short and simple instructions at work and

understand what to do

### Intermediate Level (CIJL)

## Reading

Vocabulary

150 Kanji (Chinese Characters)

Dialogues

Situational conversations

Comprehension (Skimming & Scanning

making)

### Grammar

Transitive and Intransitive verbs

**Expressing intentions** 

Direct and Indirect speech

**Expressing ability** 

Ask permission

Expressing reasons

Expressing guessing/predictions

Causative verbs

Articles

**Prepositions** 

Tenses

Question forms (Yes/No)

Phrasal verbs

Active/ passive voice Conditional form

あいだ、あいだに、あまり~ない、 あとで、ば、ばあいは、ばかり、だ けで、だす、でございます、でも、 ではないか、がひつよう、がする、 がり、がる/がっている、ございま す、はじめる、はずだ、はずがな い、ひつようがある、いらっしゃ る、いたします、じゃないか、かど うか、かしら、かい、かもしれな い、かな、から作る、きっと、ころ/ ごろ、こと、ことがある、ことがで きる、ことになる、ことにする、く する、きゅうに、までに、まま、ま たは、みたいだ、みたいな、みたい に、も、な、など、ながら、なかな か~ない、なければいけない、なけ ればならない、なら、なさい、なさ る、に気がつく、にみえる

にする、にくい、の中で、plain f. +のに、のに、のは~だ、お~ くださいお~になる、おきに、 おわる、らしいさ、さっき、ら れる、させられる、させる、さ すが、し、そんなに、それで も、それに、そうだ、そうに/そ うな、たばかり、たところ、他 動詞と自動詞たがる、たら、た らどう、たらいいですか、て/ で、てあげる、てほしい、てい く、ていた、ていただけません か、てくれる、てくる、てみ る、てもらう、ておく、てしま う/ちゃう、てすみません、てや る、てよかった、ているとこ ろ、ても、と、と言ってもい い、という、ということ、と言 われている、と聞いた、と思 う、とか~とか、ところ、続け る、って、受身形、は~が~ は、安井、やっと、より、予定 だ、ようだ、ように/ようなう な、ようになる、ようにする、 ようと思う、ぜひぜんぜん~な い、づらい

Writing

Spelling
Describing a place
Writing a personal letter
Simple news writing
Summarizing

Guided Composition Describing a person Writing a short essays

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## Speaking

Pronunciation rules

Simple current affairs

Giving directions

Talking about the hobby

Accepting/ refusing a request

Situational conversations

**Expressing impressions** 

Expressing weather forecast

Expressing city information

Expressing opinion

Making a short speech

Making a request

**Expressing feelings** 

Making telephone conversation

Asking for directions

Giving recommendations

Talk about the things and places that

someone wants to go/do

## Listening

Accepting/ refusing a request

Situational conversations

**Expressing impressions** 

Expressing weather forecast

Expressing city information

Expressing opinion

Making a request Expressing feelings

Making telephone conversation

Asking for directions

Giving recommendations

Talk about the things and places that

someone wants to go/do

## Advanced level (CAJL)

### Reading

Vocabulary building

300 Kanji (Chinese Characters)

Comprehension (skimming, scanning)

Weather reports

Newspaper articles

**Notices** 

## Grammar

Parts of speech

**Adjectives** 

Participle form

Infinitive form

Present & Past Passive

Advertisements

Invitations

Formal and informal mail

Poems

Proverbs

Idiomatic phrases

**Prepositions** 

**Articles** 

Adverbs

Tenses

Conjunctions

**Active- Passive Voice** 

をはじめ、をこめて、を通じて/

を通して、おかげで、っぱな

あまり、 あまりにも、ばあい ばよかった、ば~ほど、ば~のに ばかりで、ばかりでなく、べきだ べきではない、べつにない、ぶり に、ちゅう/じゅう、だけ、だけでな く、だけど、だらけ、どんなに~て も、どうしても、ふりをする、ふ と、がち、がたい、ぎみ、ごとに、 ほど、ほどない、いちどに、いくら ~ても、いっぽうだ、いったい、じ やない、か何か、かける、から~に かけて、かわりに、けっか、けっき ょく、けっして~ない、きれない、 きり、きる、っけ、こむ、こそ、こ と、ことから、ことになっている、 ことはない、ことは~が、くらい/ぐ らい、くせに、まるで、まさか、め ったに~ない、も~ば~も、もしか したら、もしも~たら、むけ、む き、むしろ、ながらも、ないことは ない、ないと、なかなか、なんか/な んて/など、なおす、なるべく、なぜ なら、んだって、にちがいない、に 反して、にかけて、に関する/に関し て、にかわって/にかわりに、に比べ て、になれる、において/における、 にしたがって、にしても、にして は、に対して、にとって、につい て、につれて、によると/によれば、 によって/による、のでしょうか、を 中心に、

し、っぽい、さえ、さえ~ば、 さいに、最中に、さらに、さ て、せいで、せいぜい、しばら く、しかない、そのために、そ れとも、そうもない/そうにな い、すでに、すなわち、ただも の、たとたん、たびに、ため に、たしかに、たとえ~ても、 たとえば、たって、てばかりい る、てごらん、てはじめて、て からでないと、てしょうがな い・てしかたがない、て済む、 てはいけないから、ている場合 じゃない、的、ても始まらな い、ても構わない、てもしょう がない/てもしかたがない、とい えば、といい/たらいい、といっ ても/ということだ、というの は、というと、というより、と みえる/とみえて、とすれば・と したら・とすると、とともに、 とちゅうで、ところで、ところ が、とおりに、通す、とても~ ない、とはかぎらない、つい、 ついに、ついでに、つまり、つ もりだった、つもりで、うち に、うえで、うえに、はべつと して、はもちろん、は~で有 名、わけだ、わけではない、わ けがない、わけにはいかない、 わりに、わざと、わざわざ、よ りも、ようがない、ような気が する、ように、ようにみえる、 ようとしない、ようとする、ず に、ずにはいられない

Writing

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Spelling

**Guided writing** 

Writing a personal letter

Writing a biography

Filling an application/bank slip

Making a CV

Writing formal and informal mail

Techniques of writing

Writing opinions

Writing a comparative essay

Describing a process

Writing a composition

Summarizing

## Speaking

Get to know each other

Giving directions

Describing a process

Making a request

Asking for information

Giving advice

Interviewing a person

Relating a story

## **Business Etiquettes**

Rules for social interactions

Japanese rules for behavior

Japanese rules for business

Japanese rules for work

## Schedule 2: Criteria for evaluation

Final written exam

Final oral test

Saying good bye/ Taking leave

Telephone skills

Refusing

70%

Expressing opinion

Describing a place

Making excuses

Discussing an issue

Making a speech

Attendance

- 20% - 10%

The above Guide Lines were read twice and confirmed at the same meeting.